

# Quarterly Staff-Forecast Workflow

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# Staff forecast

- First two missions: capacity enhancement

# Staff forecast

- First two missions: capacity enhancement
- Third mission (this one): implementation

# Outline

- 1 Introduction
  - Staff forecast – what is it?
  - Time line

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- 2 The forecast process
  - Models involved
  - Conditioning on endogenous variables
  - December 2010 as an example

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- 1 Introduction
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- 2 The forecast process
  - Models involved
  - Conditioning on endogenous variables
  - December 2010 as an example
- 3 Between Q forecasts
  - Monthly analysis
  - Modelling
  - Infrastructure

# What staff forecast means

Forecast of the staff, not of the model

It's not:

- 1 *Model* forecast

It is:

# What staff forecast means

Forecast of the staff, not of the model

It's not:

- 1 *Model* forecast
- 2 *Single model*

It is:



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It is:

- 1 *Staff* forecast.

# What staff forecast means

Forecast of the staff, not of the model

## It's not:

- 1 *Model* forecast
- 2 Single model

## It is:

- 1 *Staff* forecast.
- 2 Few models & out-of-model info.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

## 1 Updating data

### Step description

- Data collection
- Nowcasting
  - Monthly data ( $\pi$ ,  $i$ ...)
  - Delayed data (NA...)
- RoW forecasts ( $i$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\Delta Y$ ,  $\Delta IMP$ )

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<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast

## Step description

- By many models
- As a benchmark

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<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast
- 3 Judgemental forecast<sup>a</sup>

## Step description

- Inter-disiplinary team
- Based on previous steps
- Integration into DSGE model

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<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast
- 3 Judgemental forecast<sup>a</sup>
- 4 **Alternative scenarios**

## Step description

- **Departmental meeting:**
  - Review of baseline
  - Discussing baseline & scenarios
- **Following the meeting:**
  - Baseline design
  - Scenarios design & analysis

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<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast
- 3 Judgemental forecast<sup>a</sup>
- 4 Alternative scenarios
- 5 **Departmental discussion**

## Step description

- Comments from all economists.
- Modifications & polish.

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<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.

# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast
- 3 Judgemental forecast<sup>a</sup>
- 4 Alternative scenarios
- 5 Departmental discussion
- 6 **Presentation to governor**

## Step description

- Baseline staff-forecast.
- Alternative scenarios & analysis

---

<sup>a</sup>The focus of this talk.



# Time line

6 weeks altogether

- 1 Updating data
- 2 Unconditional forecast
- 3 Judgemental forecast<sup>a</sup>
- 4 Alternative scenarios
- 5 Departmental discussion
- 6 Presentation to governor
- 7 **Monetary planning**

## Step description

- Quick review of baseline forecast
- More scenarios
- Answers to issues raised in step 6

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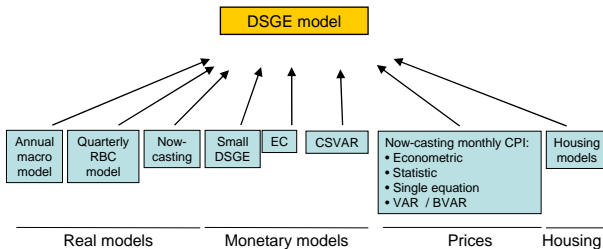
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# The forecast process

- 1 Introduction
  - Staff forecast – what is it?
  - Time line
- 2 The forecast process
  - Models involved
  - Conditioning on endogenous variables
  - December 2010 as an example
- 3 Between Q forecasts
  - Monthly analysis
  - Modelling
  - Infrastructure

# Workflow

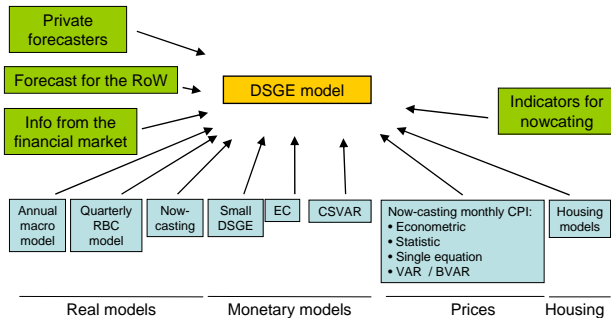
## Step 1. Model-based nowcast & unconditional forecast:



Models employed at each step

# Workflow

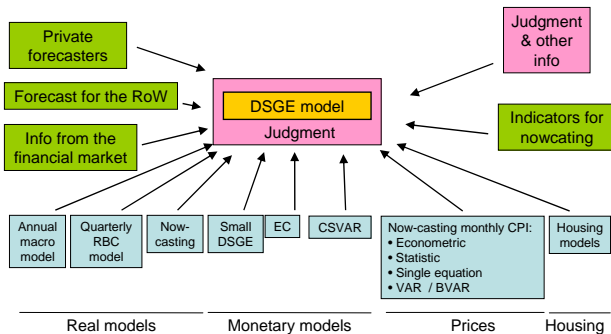
## Step 2. Out-of-model information:



Models employed at each step

# Workflow

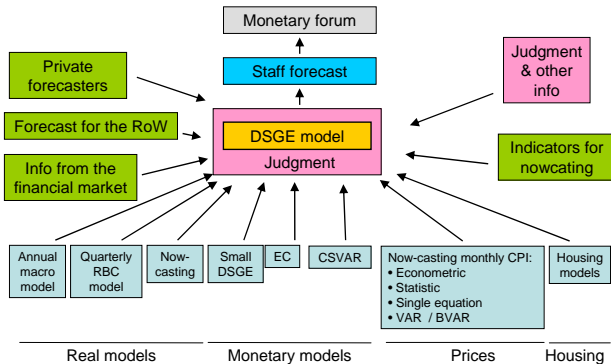
## Step 3. Judgement:



Models employed at each step

# Workflow

## Step 4. Staff Forecast:



Models employed at each step

# Focus on DSGE model

## Backcasting & conditional forecasting:

- Integration (rich model - real & nominal variables)

## Scenarios:

## Focus on DSGE model

### Backcasting & conditional forecasting:

- Integration (rich model - real & nominal variables)
- Coherent detrending & shocks decomposition

### Scenarios:



## Focus on DSGE model

### Backcasting & conditional forecasting:

- Integration (rich model - real & nominal variables)
- Coherent detrending & shocks decomposition
- **Conditional forecast**

### Scenarios:

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### Backcasting & conditional forecasting:

- Integration (rich model - real & nominal variables)
- Coherent detrending & shocks decomposition
- Conditional forecast
  - On **endogenous** variables

### Scenarios:

## Focus on DSGE model

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- Integration (rich model - real & nominal variables)
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- Conditional forecast
  - On **endogenous** variables
  - Judgement — manipulating future  $\sigma$ , or directly

### Scenarios:

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  - Yet, formal & systematic

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### Scenarios:

- Counterfactual analysis

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- Fan charts (hard & soft conditioning)

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### Scenarios:

- Counterfactual analysis
- Fan charts (hard & soft conditioning)
- **Scenarios – Interpretable shocks around baseline (IR)**

# Conditioning on **endogenous** variables

Intuition-building example for Waggoner & Zha (1999) & Maih (2010)

Example (Simple model – 2 variables, no dynamics)

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ \pi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} u^x \\ u^\pi \end{bmatrix}; \quad \Sigma_u = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_\pi^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



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Problem (Best forecast for  $\pi$ , provided restriction on  $x$  ?)

$$x = x^r. \quad \hat{\pi} = ? \quad ([\hat{u}^x, \hat{u}^\pi]' = ?)$$

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Problem (Best forecast for  $\pi$ , provided restriction on  $x$  ?)

$$x = x^r. \quad \hat{\pi} = ? \quad ([\hat{u}^x, \hat{u}^\pi]' = ?)$$

Solution (Involves transmission mechanisms and  $\sigma$  : )

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{u}^x \\ \hat{u}^\pi \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\alpha^2 \sigma_x^2 + \beta^2 \sigma_\pi^2} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \sigma_x^2 \\ \beta \cdot \sigma_\pi^2 \end{bmatrix} x^r \quad \text{and} \quad \hat{\pi} = \gamma \hat{u}^x + \delta \hat{u}^\pi$$

# Conditioning restrictions & manipulating shocks

What happens in the kitchen

Stepwise conditioning:

# Conditioning restrictions & manipulating shocks

What happens in the kitchen

## Stepwise conditioning:

- 1 Unconditional forecast

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- 2 Rest of the World (RoW)

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- 4 Exogenous variables (G, Taxes...)

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- 4 Exogenous variables (G, Taxes...)
- 5 **National accounts**



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## Stepwise conditioning:

- 1 Unconditional forecast
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## Manipulating shocks or structure:

# Conditioning restrictions & manipulating shocks

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## Manipulating shocks or structure:

- Explore results at each step

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- Changing future  $\sigma$  (of future **surprising** shocks)

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- Changing future  $\sigma$  (of future **surprising** shocks)
- Changing parameters (the  $\alpha, \beta...$ ) – less surprises are required

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## Manipulating shocks or structure:

- Explore results at each step
- Changing future  $\sigma$  (of future **surprising** shocks)
- Changing parameters (the  $\alpha, \beta \dots$ ) – less surprises are required
- **Direct intervention in specific shocks.**

# Restricting endogenous variables:

December 2010 as an Example

	OB_DY_AAG	OB_DY	OB_DIM_AAG	OB_DIM	OB_DC_AAG	OB_DC
Mar-09	2.84%	-1.12%	-1.30%	-13.43%	1.21%	-1.16%
Jun-09	1.39%	-0.13%	-7.11%	-0.22%	0.67%	1.74%
Sep-09	0.38%	0.43%	-11.34%	3.18%	0.66%	1.06%
Dec-09	0.24%	0.67%	-12.96%	1.22%	1.69%	1.69%
Mar-10	1.08%	0.53%	-6.42%	2.63%	3.68%	-0.13%
Jun-10	2.25%	0.66%	0.29%	2.67%	4.76%	1.19%
Sep-10	3.26%	0.51%	4.75%	-1.77%	5.28%	-0.10%
Dec-10	3.82%	0.47%	7.95%	0.07%	5.17%	2.00%
Mar-11		0.47%				
Jun-11		0.47%				
Sep-11		0.48%				
Dec-11		0.53%	5.20%		3.50%	
Mar-12		0.53%				
Jun-12		0.53%				
Sep-12		0.51%				
Dec-12		0.47%	8.20%		3.80%	

# Considering implied shocks:

December 2010 as an Example

Hist std	0.09%	0.15%	2.40%	0.77%	2.28%	1.12%
	ETA_FW_ROW	ETA_GR_Z	ETA_H	ETA_NU	ETA_PIM	ETA_RP_FX
03-08	-0.55	-0.30				
06-08	-0.05	-0.96				
09-08	0.02	-0.45				
12-08	-0.81	-0.20				
				מארקאפ על מחירי היבוא, לאור הייסופים שהיו, האינפלציה גבוהה מדי."		על רקע ירידת היבוא, ובהמשך גם על רקע פער הריביות, השער היה צריך לרדת יותר. רכישות?...
03-09				3.59	0	
06-09				0.23	0	
09-09				0.02	-0	
12-09				0.72	0.16	0.65
				מסביר את צניחת היבוא לפער שלילי של 15 אחוזים. מסביר גם ייסוף. למעשה, היה מצופה אף ייסוף חד יותר, ולכן נגזרים גם זעזועי שע"ח (רכישות?)		
03-10				0.44	1.29	-0.57
06-10				0.10	0.91	0.69
09-10	-1.59	0.06	-0.07	1.27	0.01	1.47
12-10	-0.42	-0.23	0.29	1.09	0.78	0.26
03-11	0.00	-0.23	0.54	0.91	0.15	0.49
06-11	0.00	-0.04	0.00	1.03	0.34	0.49
09-11	0.00	-0.21	0.00	1.14	0.25	0.49
12-11	0.00	-0.07	0.00	0.99	0.15	0.49
03-12	0.00	-0.04	0.00	0.92	0.08	0.45
06-12	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	0.85	0.10	0.45
09-12	0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.68	0.15	0.40
12-12	0.00	0.02	-0.02	0.69	0.14	0.40

# Manipulating future $\sigma$ :

December 2010 as an Example

Pushing away from certain shocks  
 towards more desired ones

S.D.	0.82%	0.46%	0.09%	2.40%	0.77%
Shocks	ETA	ETA_C	ETA_FW_ROW	ETA_H	ETA_NU
Mar-11	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>5.00</b>
Jun-11	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>
Sep-11	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>5.00</b>
Dec-11	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>
Mar-12	<b>0.00</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>
Jun-12	<b>0.10</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>4.00</b>
Sep-12	<b>0.10</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>3.00</b>
Dec-12	<b>0.20</b>	1.00	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>3.00</b>



# Changing structural parameters: December 2010 as an Example

		<i>Scenarios:</i>			
Parameters' names	Backasting params	Baseline_1	2	3	4
p_rho_drp	0.999				
p_rho_f	0.150				
p_rho_fw_row	0.990		0.96	0.96	
p_rho_g	0.637				
p_rho_gz	0.765				
p_rho_h	0.935				
p_rho_i	0.896				
p_rho_im	0.000				
p_rho_im_row	0.000				
p_rho_nu	0.799				
p_rho_ob_dpy	-0.204	0	0		
p_rho_oil1	0.646				
p_rho_oil2	-0.424				

# Direct interventions: December 2010 as an Example

	CURLYPHI_H	ETA_RP_FX
Mar-09	-1.59%	1.29%
Jun-09	0.88%	1.16%
Sep-09	-0.24%	-0.50%
Dec-09	-1.71%	0.72%
Mar-10	-0.23%	-0.63%
Jun-10	0.86%	0.77%
Sep-10	0.64%	1.64%
Dec-10	1.30%	0.29%
Mar-11	2.50%	0.55%
Jun-11		0.55%
Sep-11		0.55%
Dec-11		0.55%
Mar-12		0.50%
Jun-12		0.50%
Sep-12		0.45%
Dec-12		0.45%

**FX Risk-Premium Shock:**

For otherwise strong appreciation.  
 Quantity: average of last two years.

**Domestic Markup Shock:**

To capture the housing component.  
 Quantity: first running without housing.

# Between jobs?

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# Monthly analysis

- Staff forecast into  $\pi$  report

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- Staff forecast into  $\pi$  report
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  - Review of baseline

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  - New indicators & quantification of their impact

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  - New indicators & quantification of their impact
  - New scenarios
  - Issues requested in the previous monetary planning

# Modelling

- Paper

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- Model enhancement (following experience/lessons):

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  - **Modifying detrending block**

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  - More observed variables. Income Tax,  $\Delta IMP^{RoW}$ , hours...

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  - Followed by required modification to some equations

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  - Followed by required modification to some equations
  - Followed by re-estimation



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  - Followed by required modification to some equations
  - Followed by re-estimation
- Theoretical extensions:

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  - **Financial frictions**

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  - Followed by required modification to some equations
  - Followed by re-estimation
- Theoretical extensions:
  - Labor market frictions
  - Financial frictions
  - Housing sector

# Infrastructure

- Improving cooperation within the research department

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- Addressing uncertainty (degree and direction):
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  - Perfect-foresight based forecast
  - Partial-foresight based forecast
- Debugging, user interface, analytical tools.

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- Debugging, user interface, analytical tools.
- Teaching new team members



# Summary

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  - Forecast of the entire staff

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- 6 weeks process with many models involved:
  - Data collection

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